



Mortality and Longevity



Aging and Retirement

Multi-Population Longevity Models: A Spatial Random Field Approach





Multi-Population Longevity Models: A Spatial Random Field Approach

Nhan Huynh, University of California at Santa Barbara

Mike Ludkovski, Ph. D., University of California at Santa Barbara

Howard Zail, Elucider, LLC

Abstract

We investigate joint modeling of longevity trends using the spatial statistical framework of Gaussian Process regression. Our analysis is motivated by considering the Human Mortality Database that provides raw mortality tables for nearly 40 countries and clearly demonstrates the commonality in global longevity. Yet few stochastic models exist for handling more than two populations at a time. To bridge this gap, we develop a spatial covariance approach that treats mortality data through the lens of smoothing and forecasting noisy input-output relationships. In our framework, multiple populations are approached as distinct levels of a factor covariate, explicitly capturing the cross-population dependence. We demonstrate that our approach not only provides improved accuracy, but intrinsically generates coherent joint future longevity scenarios. It also offers an opportunity to borrow the most recently available data from other datasets, leading to more precise (and statistically more credible) forecasts regarding mortality improvement rates. All the numerical algorithms are implemented using R and Stan statistical languages and are publicly available. We illustrate using numerous figures on multiple European HMD datasets for both Males and Females

About The Society of Actuaries

With roots dating back to 1889, the [Society of Actuaries](#) (SOA) is the world's largest actuarial professional organization with more than 31,000 members. Through research and education, the SOA's mission is to advance actuarial knowledge and to enhance the ability of actuaries to provide expert advice and relevant solutions for financial, business and societal challenges. The SOA's vision is for actuaries to be the leading professionals in the measurement and management of risk.

The SOA supports actuaries and advances knowledge through research and education. As part of its work, the SOA seeks to inform public policy development and public understanding through research. The SOA aspires to be a trusted source of objective, data-driven research and analysis with an actuarial perspective for its members, industry, policymakers and the public. This distinct perspective comes from the SOA as an association of actuaries, who have a rigorous formal education and direct experience as practitioners as they perform applied research. The SOA also welcomes the opportunity to partner with other organizations in our work where appropriate.

The SOA has a history of working with public policymakers and regulators in developing historical experience studies and projection techniques as well as individual reports on health care, retirement and other topics. The SOA's research is intended to aid the work of policymakers and regulators and follow certain core principles:

Objectivity: The SOA's research informs and provides analysis that can be relied upon by other individuals or organizations involved in public policy discussions. The SOA does not take advocacy positions or lobby specific policy proposals.

Quality: The SOA aspires to the highest ethical and quality standards in all of its research and analysis. Our research process is overseen by experienced actuaries and non-actuaries from a range of industry sectors and organizations. A rigorous peer-review process ensures the quality and integrity of our work.

Relevance: The SOA provides timely research on public policy issues. Our research advances actuarial knowledge while providing critical insights on key policy issues, and thereby provides value to stakeholders and decision makers.

Quantification: The SOA leverages the diverse skill sets of actuaries to provide research and findings that are driven by the best available data and methods. Actuaries use detailed modeling to analyze financial risk and provide distinct insight and quantification. Further, actuarial standards require transparency and the disclosure of the assumptions and analytic approach underlying the work.

Society of Actuaries
475 N. Martingale Road, Suite 600
Schaumburg, Illinois 60173
www.SOA.org